Table 2-6: Clinical Issues and Family/Caregiver Support As Patients Approach the End of Life  $^\star$ 

PROGNOSTIC TIME-FRAME FOR APPROACHING END-OF-LIFE						
Clinical Issues	Months	Weeks	Days	Last 24-48 Hours		
Medical	Increased fatigue     Increased sleep     Decreased interest in eating     Increased pain, other symptoms	Increased time in bed Insomnia Decreased interest in food & drink Decreased energy Difficulty walking	Incontinence     Sleep pattern reversal     Sweats     Confusion     Cognitive failure     Changes in skin (pallor)     Respiratory changes	Somnolence     Restlessness     Agitation     Gradual or sudden loss of consciousness     Further changes in skin color     Periodic breathing     Gurgling     Moaning     Delirium		
Emotional	Increased need for closeness, talking, physical contact     Social withdrawal     Increased sadness, crying     Seeking closure, expressing feelings of love	May talk about funeral arrangements     Periods of intense emotional expression     "Bargaining"     Life review, discussion of past events     Reassuring family     Fear of sleep	More peaceful, quiet     Increased communication     Signs of final closure/Saying     "Goodbye"     Increased anxiety	May be unresponsive or minimally responsive     Confusion, delirium, inability to express emotions clearly		
Spiritual	<ul> <li>Increased interest in spiritual matters</li> <li>Prayer</li> <li>Contact with religious/spiritual leader</li> <li>Questioning faith</li> </ul>	Dreams or visions of deceased loved ones     Increased faith in God     Periods of quiet reflection	Increased clarity in thinking & emotions     Increased sense of peace and transcendence	Perception of other dimensions of experience     Increased sense of peace     Deep peaceful sleep		

Table 2-6: Clinical Issues and Family/Caregiver Support As Patients Approach the End of Life \* (continued)

PROGNOSTIC TIME-FRAME FOR APPROACHING END-OF-LIFE							
Clinical Issues	Months	Weeks	Days	Last 24-48 Hours			
Family/Caregiver Support and Education  *This a listing of representative sympton	Allow patient to dictate food preferences     Offer & encourage food/fluids (never pressure or force)     Offer assistance with walking     Help create a comfortable, safe environment     Work closely with treatment team & report any new or worsening, symptoms or problems     Provide emotional support     Listen     Try not to deny patient's acceptance of illness by saying "everything will be OK"     Allow patient to cry & vent emotions     Do not minimize sad feelings     Pray with patient if possible     Assist in contacting spiritual leader  ms and signs that can occur as patients approach that all findings may occur in all patients, and the	Support patient's choices to rest as needed Continue to report any increase in pain or symptoms to the treatment team Monitor any changes in sleep patterns, eating etc. Support discussion of end-of-life wishes Moderate visiting so patient can rest Allow for life review discussion, reminiscing Provide physical contact: back rub, foot massage Communicate feelings of love, acceptance Leave bedroom light on if fearful of the dark Reassure frequently that loved ones will be present whenever possible Participate in discussion of spiritual issues	Keep patient clean & dry     Reposition frequently if unable to move     Offer, don't force foods/fluids     Be aware of level of consciousness, ability to swallow prior to feeding     Provide physical contact     Moisten lips with ice chips, swabs     Continue verbal communication, play favorite or soothing music     Family may keep bedside vigil     Remember to rest & eat whenever possible (for care providers)     Pray with patient  amily/caregiver	Provide warm/cool compresses as needed if cold/sweating Talk to patient (even if unresponsive) Report changes in breathing to treatment team (and be reassured about "normal" breathing changes at end-of-life) Notify team if patient appears uncomfortable (frowning, grimacing, furrowed brow) Provide medications as needed/directed Talk with patient & express emotions Provide verbal and nonverbal support through words & actions Saying goodbye & "giving permission" to go is also appropriate at this time Reassure patient Express love, acceptance Participate in supportive rituals			
Each category also may include some or all of the symptoms and signs mentioned in the preceding categories as patients approach end-of-life.							