

Table 10-5: Clinical Signs and Symptoms of HIV-Associated Dementia

<b>Type of Impairment</b>	<b>Manifestations</b>
<b>Cognitive</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Impaired concentration and attention</li> <li>• Impaired verbal memory (e.g. word finding)</li> <li>• Mental slowing</li> <li>• Difficulty with calculations/abstractions</li> <li>• Impairment of visuospatial memory</li> <li>• Lack of visuomotor coordination (e.g. eye movement abnormalities)</li> <li>• Difficulty with complex task sequencing</li> </ul> <p>LATE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Global cognitive impairment</li> <li>• Mutism</li> </ul>
<b>Motor</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unsteady gait or ataxia</li> <li>• Loss of balance</li> <li>• Slowed fine motor speed (noticeable more in non-dominant hand)</li> <li>• Tremors</li> <li>• Change in handwriting</li> <li>• Hyperactive DTRs</li> <li>• Weakness</li> </ul> <p>LATE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Seizures</li> <li>• Decorticate posturing</li> <li>• Myoclonus</li> <li>• Spastic weakness</li> <li>• Frontal release signs</li> </ul>
<b>Behavioral</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Psychomotor retardation (e.g. slowed speech or response time)</li> <li>• Personality changes</li> </ul> <p>LATE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hallucinations</li> <li>• Delusions</li> </ul>
<b>Affective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apathy, loss of interest in friends and others</li> <li>• Irritability</li> <li>• Mania</li> </ul>